

GAIN IN DEPOSITS DURING LAST YEAR

REPORT SHOWS AN INCREASE OF ABOUT \$3,000,000—IMPORTANT CHANGES.

DISPATCHES FROM COLUMBIA

Doings and Happenings That Mark the Progress of South Carolina People, Gathered Around the State Capitol.

Columbia.—Deposits in state banks exceed by more than 20 per cent. the total at this season of last year, although the number of state and branch banks has decreased by 10. The gain in deposits is nearly eight millions of dollars.

Redeemments and bills payable show a decrease of nearly two millions of dollars. The loans and discounts and total resources show an increase of more than four and one-half millions. Other items exhibit no important changes.

These facts appear from a consolidated statement of the 301 state banks and trust companies, the two private banks and the 12 branch banks in South Carolina, which answered the call of the state bank examiner, Irv M. Mauldin, of Pickens, for statements as of March 7. The comparison is with the statement of March 7, 1915.

The consolidated statement just made by Examiner Mauldin shows: Loans and discounts \$54,685,180.70. The capital stock paid in was \$11,601,590.70, and as surplus fund of \$4,685,713.51. All deposits amounted to \$45,252,753.91, and the total resources and liabilities were \$71,933,002.95.

New Board To Avert Strikes.

John Adger Law of Spartanburg and John Lee Davis of Columbia have been appointed by Governor Manning as members of the state board of conciliation, provided for by an act passed by the general assembly at its last sessions. Mr. Law holds office for six years. Mr. Davis for four. Mr. Law is appointed as an employer of labor in behalf of an incorporated company. Mr. Davis as a member of a recognized labor union. The third member to be chosen jointly by the Messrs. Law and Davis, is to be "neither an employer of labor nor an employee of any such company."

Mr. Law is president of the Saxon mills in Spartanburg county. He is one of the best known and most experienced textile operators in the Piedmont region and has also had wide experience in banking. He is a son of the Rev. Thomas Hart Law, for many years stated clerk of the Southern Presbyterian general assembly. He resides with his family in the Saxon mill community, takes constant personal interest in promoting the welfare of his employees and has been a strong supporter of the textile institute nearby, the purpose of which is to enable mill workers to qualify themselves for better pay and more skillful and responsible employment. He is 47 years of age.

Mr. Davis' name was on the list submitted to the governor by organizer labor. Born 30 years ago in Newberry, he has lived in Columbia during the last ten years and is at present a linotype operator in the office of the State. Mr. Davis has held several important positions in the councils of union craftsmen. He has been president of the Columbia local of the International Typographical union and at present is an organizer for the American Federation of Labor and the South Carolina federation. He was, minute clerk of the South Carolina Federation of Labor at its last convention. During the recent strike of platform employees of the Columbia Railway, Gas and Electric Company, he was a member of the board of mediation, through which an amicable adjustment was effected.

Public Printing Contracts Let.

The joint committee on printing of the house and senate awarded contracts for about \$10,000 worth of state printing to ten firms in the state, these having submitted lowest bids. The list of successful bidders follows: R. L. Bryan company of Columbia, The State company of Columbia, DuPre Printing company of Columbia, Carey Printing company of Columbia, Sloan Printing company of Columbia, Lutheran Board of Publication of Columbia, Peace Printing company of Greenville, Oulla Printing company of Anderson, Greenwood index Printing company of Greenwood and the Dillon Herald Printing company of Dillon.

Nurses Elect Officers.

Columbia.—Spartanburg was selected as the next convention city by the South Carolina Graduate Nurses' Association. New officers were elected as follows: President, Miss Mary C. McKenna, superintendent of St. Francis Xavier Infirmary, Charleston; first vice president, Miss Alice Agnew, superintendent of the Greenville hospital; second vice president, Miss Fannie J. Bulow, Charleston; secretary, Miss Anna Gibson, health service nurse of the Civic League of Sumter; treasurer, Miss Zedie Gillede, Columbia.

NATION WEAK FOR LACK OF NITRATES

SENATOR SMITH OF S. C. DECLARES UNITED STATES IS TOTALLY UNPREPARED.

NOTABLE DAY IN CONGRESS

Senator Underwood Said for Lack of Nitrates a Second Class Power Could Make Us Surrender.

Washington.—Debate in Congress on various proposals for the erection of a government plant for the fixation of atmospheric nitrogen occupied a whole day. The pending amendment was that of Senator Smith of South Carolina to appropriate \$15,000 for a plant, site and process to be determined by the war department. The surplus capacity over the government's needs in peace times, under the proposal, would go into the manufacture of fertilizer to be sold by the government through the secretary of agriculture.

Senator Hardwick of Georgia attacked this phase of the amendment as socialistic. He declared himself unalterably opposed to embarking the government on any such venture. Senator Smith said he had framed the amendment with the purpose of reducing the cost of fertilizer to the farmer because by a happy circumstance, the government's military needs and those of the farmer could be met at the same time.

The European war was not an un-mixed evil, said the South Carolina senator, as it had convinced the people that the United States was totally unprepared on sea or land to face what may be before it. He declared that the basis of all modern warfare was nitric acid and yet no step had been taken to insure an adequate supply Germany's successful resistance, he asserted, was due to the fact that she had foreseen the need of using atmospheric nitrogen and developed a way to procure it.

"This vast expense we are contemplating for the army and navy," Senator Smith said, "will be absolutely useless if we are cut off from our supply of nitrates."

Senator Lodge also attacked the project but addressed himself partially to the amendment offered by Senator Underwood of Alabama, which would provide for a war department investigation of the question of water-power sites and the process to be used.

Senator Underwood asserted that his amendment favored no specific project but only sought a full investigation of the subject.

"There is not a senator here," said Senator Underwood, "who does not realize the deplorable conditions this country would be in because of shortage of nitrates for explosives if war should be declared against us. A second rate power could make us surrender in six months if we had no surplus of nitrogen and it had plenty."

LOST 200,000 AT VERDUN.

French War Office Says Slaughter of Germans Has Been Gigantic.

Paris.—The German losses before Verdun up to the present have reached a total of 200,000 men, one of the greatest battle losses in the whole range of warfare according to semi-official estimates made public here—the result of careful inquiry made in the highest quarters in which the figures have been rigorously checked and verified.

"Documentary and verbal testimony gathered and authenticated permit the giving of precise details concerning the loss suffered by the Germans and by us on the Verdun front," says the semi-official communication given to the Associated Press. During the period from February 21, when the battle began, to April 1, it is known that two army corps, namely the Third and the Eighteenth, have been withdrawn from the front, having lost in the first attacks at least one-third of their force. They have reappeared since and have again suffered like losses.

PRIZES ARE MANY IN SCHOOL MEET

YOUNG ORATORS AND ATHLETES FROM ALL OVER STATE WILL MEET SOON.

TO WORK FOR 22 MEDALS

All Entries For High School Contests Must Be in by April 15.—Schools Are Urged to Come In.

Columbia.—The state high school oratorical and athletic meet will be held in Columbia Thursday and Friday, April 27 and 28. The preliminaries for the oratorical contest will be held Thursday afternoon in the class rooms and society halls of the University of South Carolina. The finals in the oratorical contest will be held Thursday night in the chapel of the university. Two gold medals are offered for first and second places in oratory and a beautiful trophy cup to the school whose representative wins first place. In 1915 Dakyns Stover of the Greenville high school won first place and the Greenville high school holds the trophy cup in oratory. Second place in oratory was won by Edwin Quattlebaum of the Columbia high school.

The track meet will be held Friday, April 28, on the university field, the preliminaries being held in the morning and the finals in the afternoon. Pickens high school won the Sylvan trophy cup in 1915 for scoring the highest number of points, while the Greenville high school was a close second.

Twenty-two medals are offered to the contestants in track athletics, 11 gold and 11 bronze medals. Each medal has the State seal upon it with the name of the event on the back. Ribbons with the name of the association stamped upon them are given to those winning third place in any track event.

In addition to all this, S. B. McMaster of Columbia is offering a beautiful trophy cup to the boy in the track meet who wins the highest number of points. The contestants have every incentive to work for honors.

The secretary of the association, M. E. Brockman of Greenville, is urging all schools with three high school grades to come into the association and will accept an application up to April 15 from any school desiring to become a member, provided the name of the speaker with his subject, age, grade, scholarship, together with the names of the contestants in track with age, grade and scholarship, is sent to him by the 15th. Letters to this effect are being mailed to a number of schools which have not yet become members of the state association. This is done to encourage schools to come in which participate in field days between the 1st and 15th of April and realize what good material they have.

The University of South Carolina furnishes free entertainment. The only cost to the schools is railroad fare, which is nominal if block tickets are bought, and even where this can't be done the cost is low.

Extending 'Morris Plan' Banks.

Columbia.—Existence of well considered plans for development in South Carolina at an early date of a system of "Morris plan" banks, headquarters to be in Columbia, transpired incidentally through informal discussion at a dinner which James A. Hoyt gave at the Jefferson in honor of the founder of the Morris industrial loan organization, Arthur J. Morris, of New York City.

Sketched though it is in principle, the project remains to be worked out in detail. The movement is due to interest aroused in the Piedmont through the operation of Morris plan banks in Columbia and Charleston. Mr. Morris accompanied by Mr. Hoyt, left Columbia by invitation for the upcountry to canvass with local promoters the prospects for such institutions in Spartanburg, Greenville and Anderson.

Enlarge Spartanburg Hotels.

Spartanburg.—W. T. Finch, proprietor of the Finch hotel, has announced the purchase of valuable property on East Main street to be utilized in erecting an addition to the present Finch hotel to cost between \$75,000 and \$100,000. He has paid \$25,000 for the lot to be utilized and says construction will begin at an early date.

In addition to the Spartanburg hotels and the building of the Cleveland at a cost of \$250,000, will give the city the most modern facilities in this direction.

A commission has been issued to the Johnston Times company of Johnston, in Edgefield county with a capital of \$5,000. The petitioners are: J. R. McGhee, James G. Holmes and J. M. McGhee.

STAPLE SOUTHERN GINGHAMS ADVANCE

HIGHER PRICES ARE BEING PAID FOR FAST COLORED COTTON CLOTHS.

DUE TO HIGH COST OF DYE

Ginghams Reaches New High Record.—Bleached Goods High—Fancy Goods Active at High Prices.

New York.—Cotton goods market continue strong in price with trading on a smaller scale. There are still many orders being booked for goods to be delivered all through this year, and some instances are reported of buyers trying to make engagements into next year. The jobbers are much less active in purchases than the manufacturing trades. Color cotton goods still continue very firm, and frequent instances are reported of higher prices being paid for fast colored cloths.

Staple Southern ginghams were advanced another quarter of a cent during the past week to a basis of seven cents a yard, one cent a yard higher than similar goods ever sold. This high price is due largely to the high cost of fast dyes. Bleached goods continue firm with an advancing tendency. Wide sheetings are sold in many instances to the end of the year and many brands are sold ahead into September.

Cotton duck rules very firm. Print cloths and convertibles are firm, with advances reported in satens, twills and some heavy drills. Fancy goods are exceedingly high and firm.

Quote prices are as follows: Print cloths, 25-inch 64x64s, 4 cents; 64x60s, 3-7/8 cents; 38-1/2 inch 64x64s, 5 1/2 cents; brown sheetings, Southern standards, 8 cents; denims, 2.20s, Indigo, 18-1/2 cents; tickings, 8 ounce, 15 cents; standard staple ginghams, 8 cents; standard staple prints, 6-1/2 cents; dress ginghams 10-1/2 cents.

MEXICANS OFFER WIRES.

Telephone and Telegraph at Service of American Expedition.

San Antonio, Texas.—The Mexican military authorities have offered the use of Mexican telegraph and telephone lines, according to General Pershing's report to General Funston. The offer was made to the aviators who landed in Chihuahua last week.

The drivers of the aeroplanes said they had been treated courteously by General Gutierrez, commanding officer, after it was demonstrated that they had come as friends. Before that a few stones had been thrown at them and a shot or two fired. No one was injured.

General Pershing said some supplies had been purchased in Chihuahua but the limited amount made it almost impossible to get provisions.

The excellent work done by the aeroplanes has been so marked that headquarters officials are anxiously awaiting reinforcement of that arm of the service. General Pershing's reports indicate that the five still in service are doing good work in scouting and carrying dispatches.

French Capture Trenches.

Paris.—The capture by French troops of about 175 yards of a German trench southwest of Douaumont village, northeast of Verdun, was announced by the war office. Progress in communicating trenches south of the village also was reported.

The Germans made two hand-grenade attacks on French positions in the Callette wood, in the Douaumont region, but both were repulsed. West of the Meuse there was only feeble artillery activity.

Nine Killed by Submarine.

Malta, via London.—One engineer and eight lascars of the crew of the steamer Chantala, were killed when the vessel was sunk by a submarine.

Lansing Replies to Protest.

Paris, via London.—Professor James Mark Baldwin, American survivor of the Sussex disaster, who cabled a protest to President Wilson regarding the destruction of the cross-channel steamer, received at his residence in Wimereux the following reply from Secretary of State Lansing: "The President has communicated to me your cable of April 1. The Department is giving to the Sussex case the most serious attention and the greatest care."

(Signed) "LANSING."

Sumter has just awarded contracts for \$225,000 worth of street paving. Governor Manning made a motor trip into Kershaw, Lee and Sumter counties last week.

Columbia won in the Y. M. C. A. campaign in which six Southeastern cities competed. Gov. Manning has appointed the following township assessors for Lee county: C. L. Stuckey, W. R. DuBoise, T. C. Roberson and A. D. McCoy. Trustees of the State College of Agriculture at Orangeburg are planning to replace the dormitories, recently destroyed by fire.

HOUSES FOR MILL WORKERS

Judson Management at Greenville Finds Convenient Plan.—Payment to Be Made in Six Years.

Greenville.—Believing that home ownership is one of the essentials for the happiest citizenry, the Judson mill management has decided a plan whereby employees of that mill may buy residence lots at a very low figure and on easy payments. Having bought the lot, the mill management will undertake to erect for the purchaser a house thereon, not to exceed \$1,000 in cost, and to allow the purchaser as much as six years to make all payments. The interest rate will be 7 per cent.

A street has been laid off, though not yet graded, and some 30 lots, 60 by 150 feet, mapped out. Fourteen of these lots have been sold.

The location of these lots is near the Piedmont & Northern line, contiguous to the present Judson mill village. Four houses have been erected already. No house, under the contract, can cost less than \$650. The cottages now erected are neat and homelike.

The mill management is seeking to work in conjunction with the employees toward the goal of home ownership which will certainly mean more happiness for all concerned, more prosperity and stability in employment. In addition to making this proposition in regard to the purchase of lots and the erection of homes, Judson mill is now employing two welfare workers, making arrangements for various kinds of outdoor sports and doing other community work, all of which is of a co-operative nature.

Property Will Be Closely Inspected.

Columbia.—Orders have been issued from the office of the adjutant general for the inspection of the National Guard of this state. Gen. Wm. W. Moore will be the inspecting officer. The tour begins April 17 and ends May 25.

Particular attention will be devoted to the care and preservation of the government property by the company commanders. The books and records of each company will be carefully inspected. In addition to the verification of the government property, the inspection will include a careful examination of the manner in which the company affairs are administered, the examination of the finances of the companies, extended order drill, fire discipline and an inspection to determine whether the companies are prepared for active service in the field. Any company failing to have 75 per cent of its enlisted strength present at inspection will, under the laws of the state, be disbanded.

Teach Indians Better Way.

Rock Hill.—The committee of women of the Baptist churches of Rock Hill, appointed by the district convention of the Baptist Women's Missionary societies at a recent meeting in this city to aid in securing funds for the building of a Baptist church on the reservation of the Catawba Indians, collected about \$125 for this purpose as a result of the "tag day" campaign. This amount added to the sum already contributed from various sources amounts to almost half of the \$1,000 desired for the modest church building which the Baptists hope to have erected on the reservation.

Cadets Will Camp at Anderson.

Anderson.—President Riggs of Clemson College has announced that the corps of cadets would encamp in this city during the week beginning April 24. Commandant Jones has inspected the proposed site on Greenville street and says it is ideal for the purpose. The entire corps of 750 men will make the trip from the college and spend the entire week here.

Charleston Lost a Fight.

Washington.—Charleston lost her fight in the house for an appropriation of \$175,000 for the purpose of deepening the approach to the navy yard, in spite of the fact that Representative Whaley, supported by Representative Lever, made an earnest plea and had the assistance of several members of the South Carolina delegation.

Charleston Lost in Fight.

Washington.—Congressman Ragsdale secured the appointment of Edward B. Wheeler of Marion as naval aide to Ambassador Sharp at Paris.

SOUTH CAROLINA NEWS ITEMS.

A. G. Smith, agriculturalist of the United States office of farm management, has practically completed his investigation into the cost of producing cotton in South Carolina and his report will be filed next week with the national department of agriculture. The investigation has covered a period of about 15 months and much valuable information has been gathered. Exhaustive investigations have been made in Anderson and Orangeburg counties.

Mutual Company Commissioned.

The Florence County Farmers' Mutual Fire Insurance Company has been commissioned by the secretary of state to do general fire insurance business. The petitioners are: J. W. McCown, E. M. Matthews, L. A. McCall, Jr., F. L. Howard, A. B. Hamer, R. E. Currin, J. E. Pettigrew, J. S. McKenzie, D. E. Fraser, M. H. Purvis, W. H. Keith, S. E. Jeffords and T. I. Burch. This is the fourth mutual fire insurance company to be commissioned since the passage of the anti-compact law by the legislature.

State Bonds Sold and Payment Made.

Nearly ten millions of dollars was handled one day recently by the state treasurer, S. T. Carter, in the process of refunding the state securities known as brown consols. Early in the day Mr. Carter was handed a check for \$4,779,037.20 by J. Pope Matthews, cashier of the Palmetto National bank, in payment for the entire issue of refunding bonds which had been purchased by a syndicate of banks formed by Mr. Matthews on terms very advantageous to the state, in competition with a number of other bidders.

The new bonds had already been placed in the hands of trustees in Charleston, Baltimore and New York and by these they were delivered to the new owners on receipt of dispatches from Columbia saying payment had been made. In this way not a day's interest was lost.

Mr. Carter redeemed during the day several large batches of the old brown consols and in doing so had occasion to write several checks for more than \$1,000,000 each. One lot delivered through the Palmetto National bank was taken up with a check for more than two and a quarter millions.

Mr. Matthews' syndicate is composed of the Palmetto National bank, Stacy & Braun, the Mercantile Trust and Deposit company, Townsend Scott & Son and the Germania Savings bank. The par value of the securities it bought was \$4,731,720. Premium and interest amounted to \$47,317.20, which made the total payment \$4,779,037.20.

The new bonds bear interest at the rate of 4 per cent, whereas the brown consols for which they were exchanged carried 4 1/2 per cent, so that there will be a large saving to the state by reason of the refunding. The bonds are what is known as "20-40" bonds, since their term is 40 years, but the state has the option of taking them up at any time after the expiration of 20 years.

Insurance A Puzzle to Leaders.

"The insurance commissioner has failed in his expectations to provide relief; the warehouse commissioner is about to fail in his efforts to secure the insurance necessary on cotton stored in state warehouses," said Gov. Manning in a statement on the insurance situation. The governor a few days ago received a letter from John L. McLaurin, state warehouse commissioner, advising him that the "insurance on state cotton is intact, but I do not know how long it may remain so." Commissioner McLaurin urged the governor to call a special session of the legislature to provide relief in the present emergency.

"I shall without delay use every effort officially and personally to remedy the situation," said Gov. Manning.

Thirteen Companies Stay.

Thirteen of the 93 stock fire insurance companies that were authorized last year to do business in South Carolina have renewed or given notice of their intention of renewing their licenses for the ensuing year, according to information given out from the office of the insurance commissioner. All the old mutual companies and two or three more recently chartered will also continue to transact business. The new licenses date from April 1 for the succeeding 12 months.

The 13 companies are: Equitable of Charleston, Palmetto of Sumter, South Carolina of Columbia, Southern Home of Charleston, Southern Underwriters of Greensboro, N. C., Southern Stock of Greensboro, Underwriters of Greensboro, New Brunswick of New Jersey, New Jersey of Newark, American Druggists of Cincinnati, Georgia Home of Columbus, Pacific of New York and the Germania of New York. The Germania has paid its license fees but has not signified its intention of establishing and agencies for the writing of business.

New Enterprises Authorized.

A commission was issued to the Charleston Cement Products corporation with a capital of \$5,000. The petitioners are: Walter B. Wilbur and J. J. Murray.

The Finn Jewelry company of Waltham has been chartered with a capital of \$5,000. The officers are: A. Finn, president, and S. Finn, secretary and treasurer.

Tonce & Co. of Graniteville has been commissioned with a capital of \$1,000. The petitioners are: G. W. Yonce and Mrs. Cora P. Yonce.

The Consolidated Garage of Charleston has been commissioned with a capital of \$10,000. The petitioners are Hugo Jahnn and E. A. Jahnn, Jr.

The Summerton Drug Company has been commissioned with a capital of \$2,000. The petitioners are C. V. DuBoise and L. W. Carrigan.

A charter has been issued to the Fountain Inn Jersey Bull Association with a capital of \$1,400. The officers are: S. L. Sloan, president, and E. J. Sloan, secretary and treasurer.

Can't Use Mexican Railways.

Queretaro, Mexico.—The Mexican government has not given the American government permission to use Mexican railways for any purpose whatever, said Gen. Candido Aguilar, Mexican minister of foreign relations after a meeting of the Carranza cabinet. At the cabinet meeting General Carranza and his advisers discussed modifications suggested by the United States in the recent proposals for an agreement for crossing the frontier between the United States and Mexico by their armed forces.

Which Do You Prefer?

It is important for reasons of health and practical economy for every housekeeper to ask herself this question:

"Do I prefer a pure baking powder like Royal, made of cream of tartar derived from grapes, or am I willing to use a baking powder made of alum or phosphate, both derived from mineral sources?"

The names of the ingredients printed on the label show whether the kind you are now using or any brand, new or old, that may be offered is a genuine cream of tartar powder, or merely a phosphate or alum compound.

Royal Baking Powder contains no alum nor phosphate.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO.
New York

FIELD DAY

Friday, April 14th, 1916, Beginning at 10:30 O'clock.

Following the plan of last year, the county is divided into the following groups for the purpose of selecting representatives to take part in the Declamation contests; also for the athletic contests.

Pinewood group, consisting of Pinewood, Paxville, Big Branch, Home Branch, Silver, Grange Hall and Pineland schools.

Summerton group, consisting of Summerton, Davis Station, Oak Grove, Cross Roads, Panola and Jordan schools.

Sardinia group, consisting of Sardina, Enterprise, Harmony, Oakdale, New Zion, (consolidated) Barrow, and New Harmony schools.

Turbeville group, consisting of Turbeville, Coker, Gamble, Hicks, McFadden, Barrineau, and Sunny Side schools.

Manning group, consisting of Manning, Alcolu, Trinity, Harvin, Foreston, Wilson, Baywood, Thigpen, Mission, Green Savana, Deep Creek, Bear Creek, and Line schools.

Each school is entitled to send a boy and a girl representative for each classification to the group contest event.

Each school group is entitled to select from those contestants two representatives, a boy and a girl, for each classification to take part in the Declamation contests at the General Field Day occasion.

The teachers of the schools in the respective groups are expected to confer and arrange a date before the general field day to "try out" their representatives, and thus select one boy and one girl for each of the following divisions:

Class A—Boys and girls under 12 years of age.
Class B—Boys and girls from 12 to 15 years of age.
Class C—Boys and girls from 15 to 18 years of age.

In order for the schools not to lose time from the regular school work, it is suggested that a Saturday be used as a "try out" event.

The various school groups may provide prizes for the winners if they so decide.

The winners at the General Field Day will be given appropriate prizes, some of which will consist of gold medals.

It will be seen that the plan this year causes boys to compete with boys, and girls with girls.

ATHLETICS.

The athletic sports will take place immediately after the dinner hour, and will consist, for the Boys, of Running High Jump, Running Broad Jump, Standing Broad Jump, and racing contests, 50, 75, and 100 yards, according to age as per the declamation contests.

For Girls there will be racing contests, and such other features as the committee may determine at the time. Prizes to be awarded the winners.

LITERARY FEATURES.

Written examinations will be held at Manning on Saturday, April 8th, in which each school at large in the county will be entitled to one representative for each feature. Examination to be given at eleven o'clock, and close at one o'clock. No pupil permitted to take more than one examination. No one permitted to enter after 12 o'clock.

Spelling, 5th and 6th grades, 50 words from Hunt's Speller, Book 2.

Spelling, 7th grades and up, 50 or more words, selected mainly from Payne's Common Words Commonly Misspelled.

Arithmetic—Common fractions, planned for 5th and 6th grades.

Arithmetic—To cover common and decimal fractions, planned for 7th and 8th grades.

Algebra—Up to factoring, planned for 7th and 8th grades.

Algebra—Factoring and fractions above 8th grades.

Grammar—Kinard—Withers, Book 1, planned for 5th grade.

Grammar—Kinard—Withers, Book 2, planned for 6th and 7th grades.